

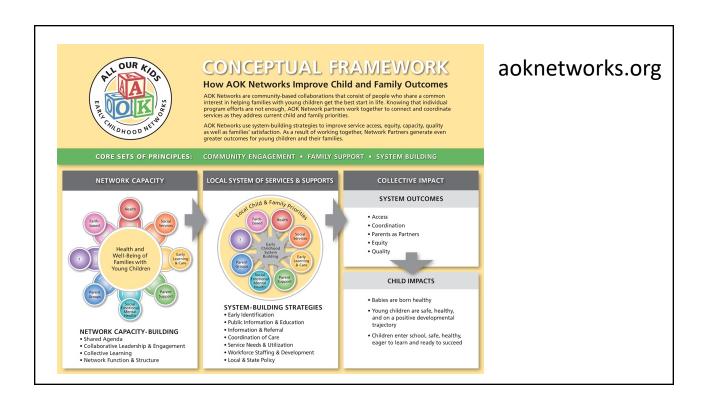
Integrating ABLe Change into Collaborative Practice: AOK Networks' Story

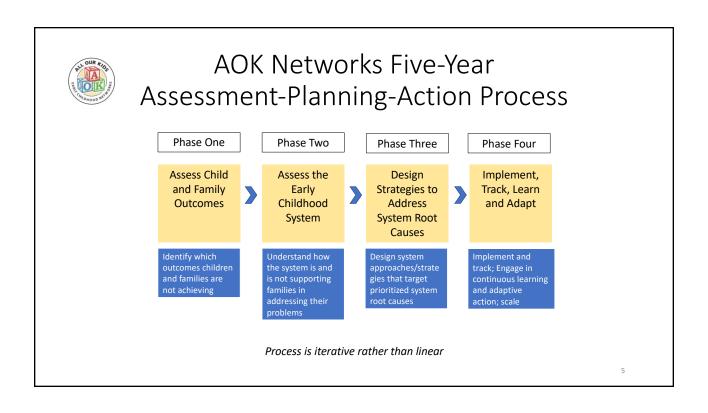
2018 Partner Plan Act Conference Ana Maria Accove, AOK State Coordinator, IDHS Julie Herzog, Tazewell County AOK Network Coordinator, TCHD Christina Foster, Consultant, Foster What Matters

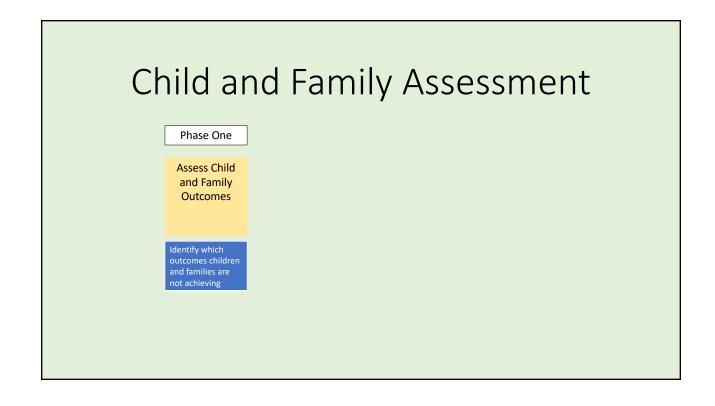
Learning Objectives

- Identify core systems thinking concepts and practices you may want to learn and/or apply to your CSD efforts
- Recognize the value of embedding systems thinking practices into core collaborative processes
- Summarize a few lessons learned about building systems thinking capacity







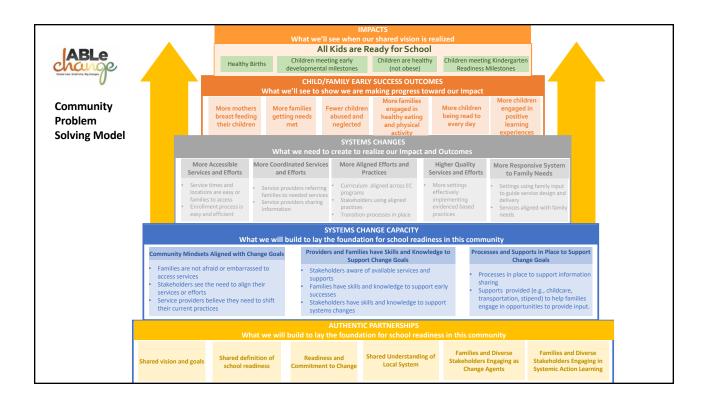


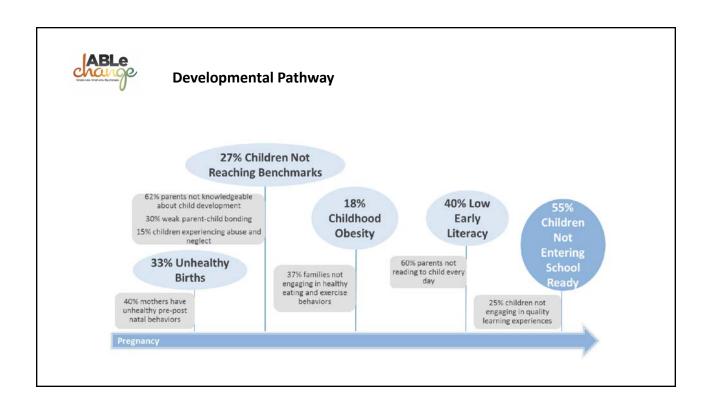


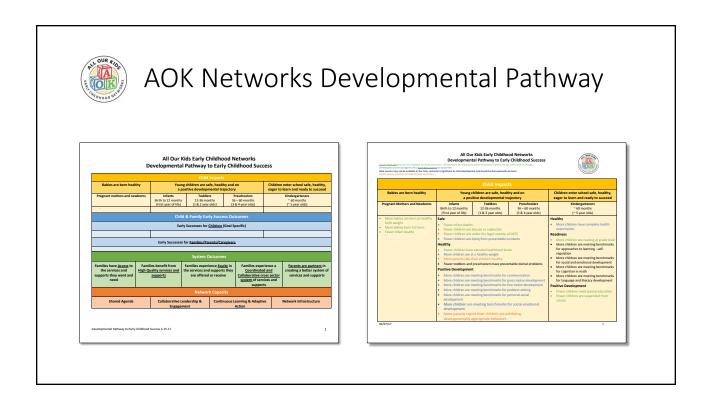
Concepts and Practices

Targeted Problem Framework – Defining the child and/or family problem

- Understand how child and families problems are interrelated and nested
- Use data to understand problems, including inequities
- Prioritize the specific problem(s) of concern







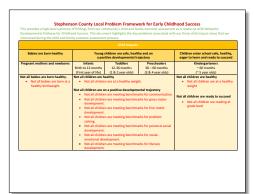


Developmental Pathway



The vision/goals what we want for children and their families

Comprehensive Local Problem Framework

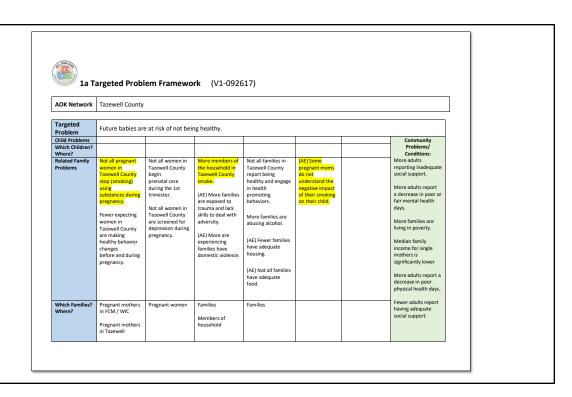


The problems

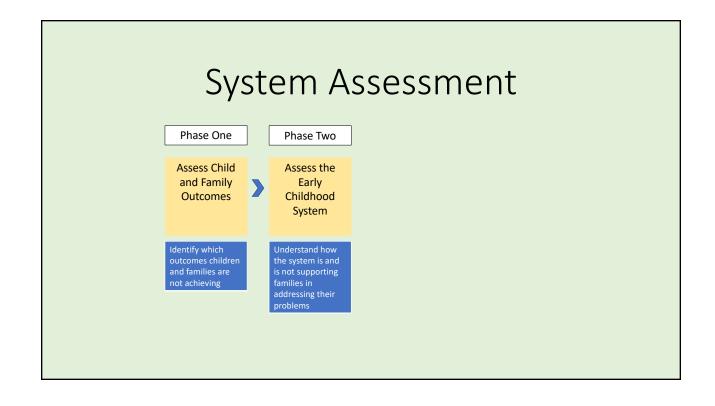
what isn't going so well for children and their families

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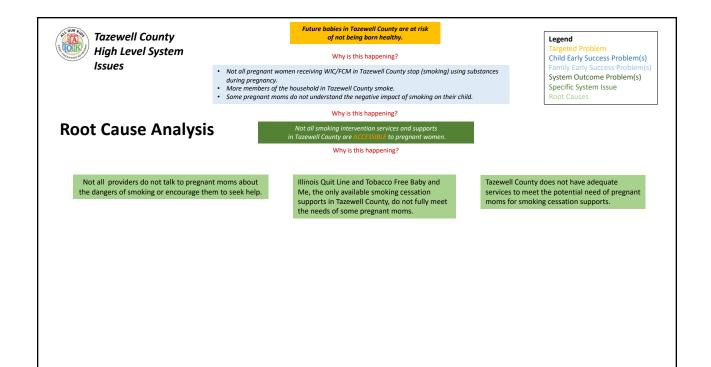
Concepts and Practices

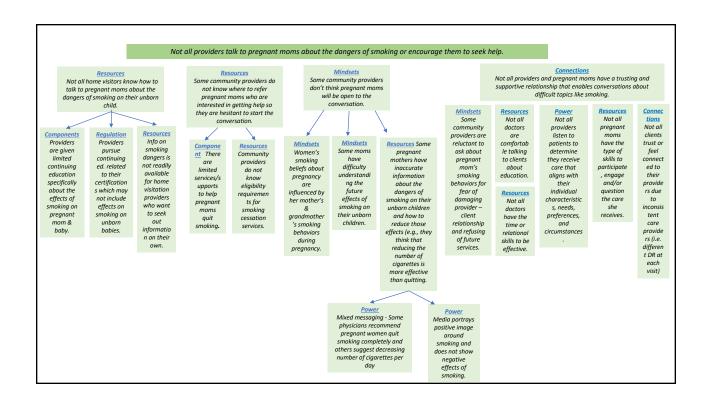
System Scan: a process to understand community conditions influencing the targeted problem

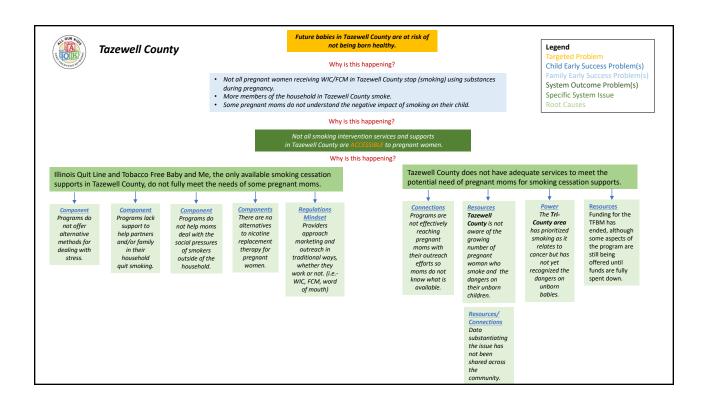
Stakeholders experiencing the problem Stakeholders providing supports Stakeholders providing supports Stakeholders making decisions



"Cloverleaf" System Characteristics





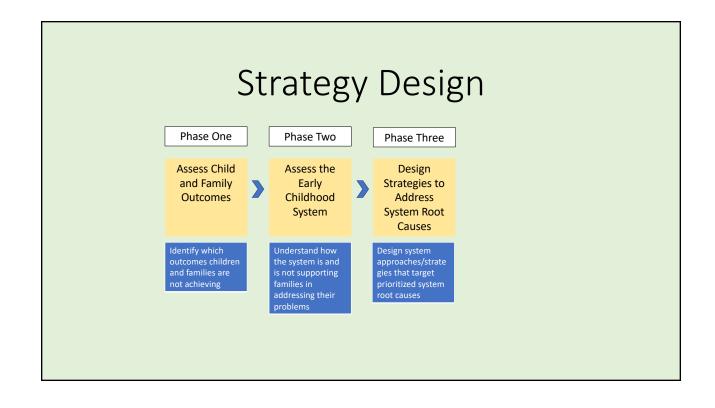






Lessons Learned

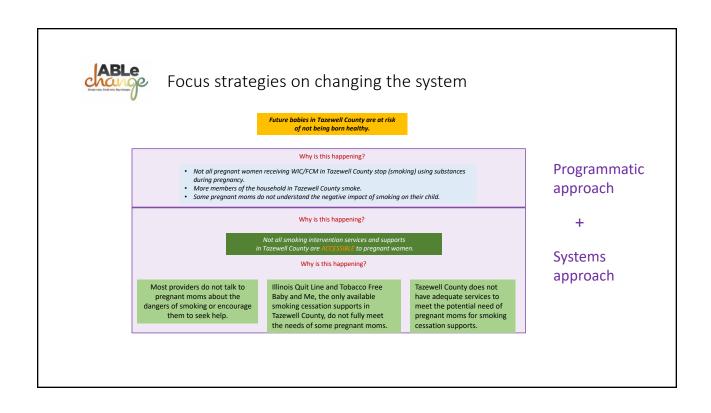
State and Local Perspectives

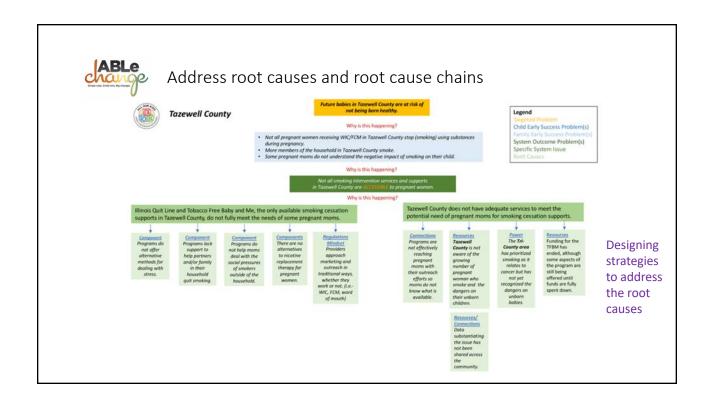


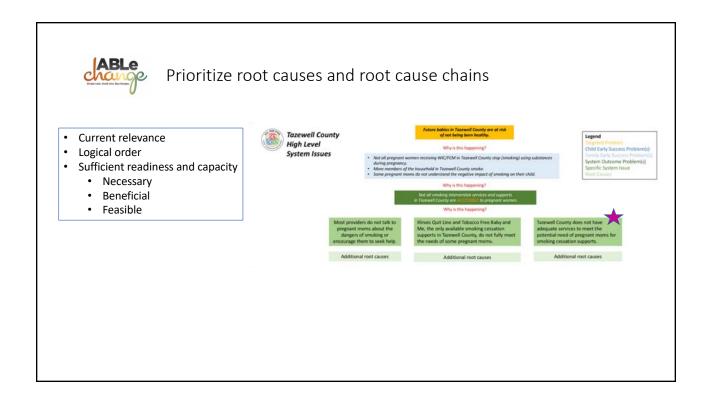


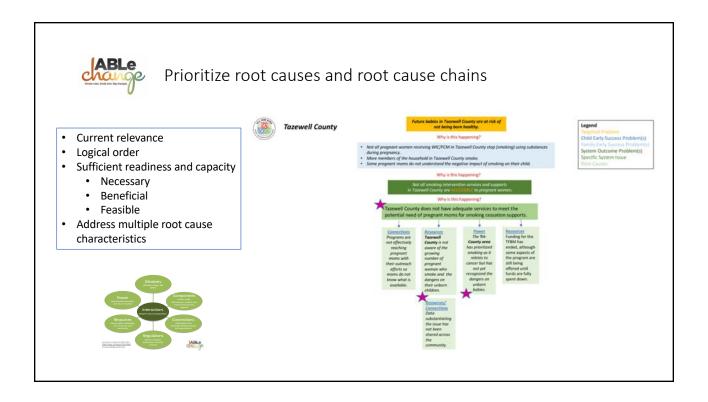
Concepts and Practices

- · Focus strategies on changing the system
 - · Address root causes and root cause chains
 - · Permanently change the system
 - Prioritize the most powerful and feasible root cause chains
- Engage those who are experiencing the problem in solving the problem









Human-centered Design



Embracing human-centered design means believing that all problems, even the seemingly intractable ones like poverty, gender equality, and clean water, are solvable. Moreover, it means believing that the people who face those problems every day are the ones who hold the key to their answer. Human-centered design offers problem solvers of any strip a chance to design with communities, to deeply understand the people they're looking to serve, to dream up scores of ideas, and to create innovative new solutions rooted in people's actual needs.

~IDEO Field Guide to Human-Centered Design

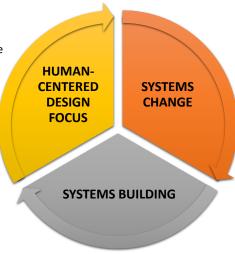
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AOK Networks Strategy Design Approach

Prioritize perspectives of those experiencing the problem:

- Involve them
- Prioritize their perspectives/solutions
- Address their needs and circumstances



Target system problems:

- Address root causes
- Permanently change the system
- Reach more families

Build on what works:

- Consider other successful solutions
- · Build on local strengths
- Align with related local efforts

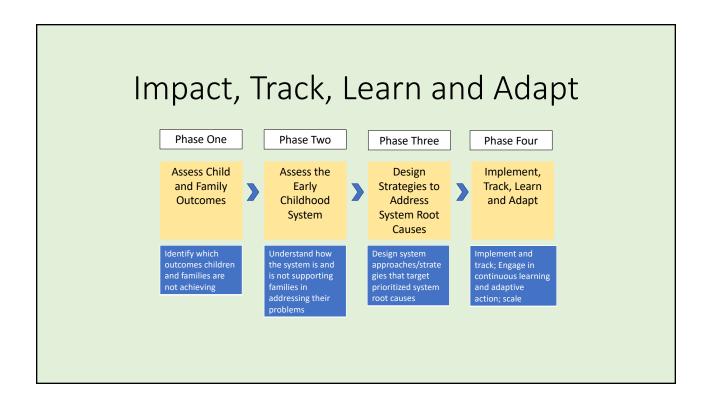
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Lessons Learned

State and Local Perspectives



Group Reflection

- What systems thinking concepts and practices do you want to learn and/or apply to your CSD efforts?
- In what ways might embedding systems thinking practices into your core collaborative processes be valuable?
- What new insights do you have about building system thinking capacity?